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NEW QUESTION: 1

In an SD-WAN deployment, which action in the vSmart controller responsible for?

- A. distribute policies that govern data forwarding performed within the SD-WAN fabric
- B. handle, maintain, and gather configuration and status for nodes within the SD-WAN fabric
- C. gather telemetry data from vEdge routers
- D. onboard vEdge nodes into the SD-WAN fabric

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 2

What is the role of the RP in PIM sparse mode?

- A. The RP responds to the PIM join messages with the source of requested multicast group
- B. The RP maintains default aging timeouts for all multicast streams requested by the receivers.
- C. The RP acts as a control-plane node and does not receive or forward multicast packets.
- D. The RP is the multicast that is the root of the PIM-SM shared multicast distribution tree.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Multicast Distribution Shared Tree - Unlike source trees that have their root at the source, shared trees use a single common root placed at some chosen point in the network. This shared root is called a rendezvous point (RP). Source:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst9300/software/release/16-5/configuration_guide/ip_mcast_rtng/b_165_ip_mcast_rtng_9300_cg/b_165_ip_mcast_rtng_9300_9500_cg_chapter_0100.html

<https://netcraftsmen.com/pim-sparse-mode/>

NEW QUESTION: 3

Which technology does VXLAN use to provide segmentation for Layer 2 and Layer 3 traffic?

- A. bridge domain
- B. VLAN
- C. VRF
- D. VNI

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

VXLAN has a 24-bit VXLAN network identifier (VNI), which allows for up to 16 million (= 2²⁴) VXLAN segments to coexist within the same infrastructure. This surely solve the small number of traditional VLANs.

NEW QUESTION: 4

What is the data policy in a Cisco SD-WAN deployment?

- A. detailed database mapping several kinds of addresses with their corresponding location
- B. Set of statements that defines how data is forwarded based on IP packet information and specific VPNs
- C. group of services tested to guarantee devices and links liveliness within the SD-WAN overlay
- D. list of ordered statements that define node configurations and authentication used within the SD-WAN overlay

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 5

Refer to the exhibit.

Router 1 is currently operating as the HSRP primary with a priority of 110 router1 fails and router2 take over the forwarding role. Which command on router1 causes it to take over the forwarding role when it return to service?

- A. standby 2 preempt
- B. standby 2 priority
- C. standby 2 track
- D. standby 2 timers

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 6

Refer to the exhibit.

What is the Json syntax that is formed from the data?

- A. {"~Name": "~Bob Johnson", "~Age": 75, "~Alive": True, "~Favorite Foods": "~Cereal", "~Mustard", "~Onions"}
- B. {"Name": "Bob Johnson", "Age": 75, "Alive": true, "Favorite Foods": ["Cereal", "Mustard", "Onions"]}
- C. {"Name": "Bob Johnson", "Age": Seventyfive, "Alive": true, "Favorite Foods": ["Cereal", "Mustard", "Onions"]}
- D. {Name: Bob Johnson, Age: 75, Alive: true, Favorite Foods: [Cereal, Mustard, Onions]}

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 7

Which measure is used by an NTP server to indicate its closeness to the authoritative time source?

- A. stratum
- B. time zone
- C. latency
- D. hop count

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 8

Refer to the exhibit. A network engineer troubleshoots an issue with the port channel between SW1 and SW2. which command resolves the issue?

- A)
- B)

- C)
- D)
- A. Option B
- B. Option A
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 9

An engineer must protect their company against ransom ware attacks. Which solution allows the engineer to block the execution stage and prevent file encryption?

- A. Use Cisco AMP deployment with the Malicious Activity Protection engine enabled.
- B. Use Cisco AMP deployment with the Exploit Prevention engine enabled.
- C. Use Cisco Firepower and block traffic to TOR networks.
- D. Use Cisco Firepower with Intrusion Policy and snort rules blocking SMB exploitation.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Ransomware are malicious software that locks up critical resources of the users.

Ransomware uses well-established public/private key cryptography which leaves the only way of recovering the files being the payment of the ransom, or restoring files from backups.

Cisco Advanced Malware Protection (AMP) for Endpoints Malicious Activity Protection (MAP) engine defends your endpoints by monitoring the system and identifying processes that exhibit malicious activities when they execute and stops them from running. Because the MAP engine detects threats by observing the behavior of the process at run time, it can generically determine if a system is under attack by a new variant of ransomware or malware that may have eluded other security products and detection technology, such as legacy signature-based malware detection. The first release of the MAP engine targets identification, blocking, and quarantine of ransomware attacks on the endpoint.

Reference:

[endpoints/white-paper-c11-740980.pdf](#)

NEW QUESTION: 10

A company has an existing Cisco 5520 HA cluster using SSO. An engineer deploys a new single Cisco Catalyst 9800 WLC to test new features. The engineer successfully configures a mobility tunnel between the 5520 cluster and 9800 WLC. Client connected to the corporate WLAN roam seamlessly between access points on the 5520 and 9800 WLC. After a failure on the primary 5520 WLC, all WLAN services remain functional; however, Client roam between the 5520 and 9800 controllers without dropping their connection. Which feature must be configured to remedy the issue?

- A. new mobility on the 5520 cluster
- B. new mobility on the 9800 WLC
- C. mobility MAC on the 5520 cluster
- D. mobility MAC on the 9800 WLC

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 11

Which design principle states that a user has no access by default to any resource, and unless a resource is explicitly granted, it should be denied?

- A. least privilege
- B. economy of mechanism
- C. complete mediation

D. fail-safe defaults

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 12

How does an on-premises infrastructure compare to a cloud infrastructure?

- A. On-premises offers faster deployment than cloud
- B. On-premises requires less power and cooling resources than cloud
- C. On-premises offers lower latency for physically adjacent systems than cloud.
- D. On-premises can increase compute power faster than cloud

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 13

What is the structure of a JSON web token?

- A. three parts separated by dots: header payload, and signature
- B. header and payload
- C. three parts separated by dots: version header and signature
- D. payload and signature

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

JSON Web Token (JWT) is an open standard (RFC 7519) that defines a compact and self-contained way for securely transmitting information between parties as a JSON object. This information can be verified and trusted because it is digitally signed. JWTs can be signed using a secret (with the HMAC algorithm) or a public/private key pair using RSA or ECDSA.

JSON Web Tokens are composed of three parts, separated by a dot (.): Header, Payload, Signature. Therefore, a JWT typically looks like the following:

xxxxx.yyyyy.zzzzz

The header typically consists of two parts: the type of the token, which is JWT, and the signing algorithm being used, such as HMAC SHA256 or RSA.

The second part of the token is the payload, which contains the claims. Claims are statements about an entity (typically, the user) and additional data.

To create the signature part you have to take the encoded header, the encoded payload, a secret, the algorithm specified in the header, and sign that.

NEW QUESTION: 14

What is the function of cisco DNA center in a cisco SD-access deployment?

- A. It is responsible for routing decisions inside the fabric
- B. It provides integration and automation for all nonfabric nodes and their fabric counterparts.
- C. It is responsible for the design, management, deployment, provisioning and assurance of the fabric network devices.
- D. It possesses information about all endpoints, nodes and external networks related to the fabric

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 15

Running the script causes the output in the exhibit. Which change to the first line of the script resolves the error?

- A. from ncclient import
- B. import ncclient manager
- C. import manager
- D. from ncclient import*

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 16

Drag and drop the characteristics from the left onto the appropriate infrastructure deployment types on the right.

Answer:

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NEW QUESTION: 17

What do Cisco DNA southbound APIs provide?

- A. Interface between the controller and the network devices
- B. NETCONF API interface for orchestration communication
- C. RESful API interface for orchestrator communication
- D. Interface between the controller and the consumer

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The Southbound API is used to communicate with network devices.

NEW QUESTION: 18

Refer to the exhibit. The connecting between SW1 and SW2 is not operational. Which two actions resolve the issue? (Choose two)

- A. configure switchport mode dynamic desirable on SW2
- B. configure switchport nonegotiate on SW2
- C. configure switchport nonegotiate on SW1
- D. configure switchport mode trunk on SW2
- E. configure switchport mode access on SW2

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 19

The login method is configured on the VTY lines of a router with these parameters The first method for authentication is TACACS If TACACS is unavailable login is allowed without any provided credentials Which configuration accomplishes this task?

- A. Option A
- B. Option C
- C. Option B
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 20

Which network devices secure API platform?

- A. Layer 3 transit network devices

- B. next-generation intrusion detection systems
- C. content switches
- D. web application firewalls

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 21

How is Layer 3 roaming accomplished in a unified wireless deployment?

- A. An EoIP tunnel is created between the client and the anchor controller to provide seamless connectivity as the client is associated with the new AP.
- B. The client database on the original controller is updated the anchor entry, and the new controller database is updated with the foreign entry.
- C. The new controller assigns an IP address from the new subnet to the client
- D. The client entry on the original controller is passed to the database on the new controller.

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 22

Which solution do IaaS service providers use to extend a Layer 2 segment across a Layer 3 network?

- A. VRF
- B. VXLAN
- C. VTEP
- D. VLAN

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 23

What is required for a virtual machine to run?

- A. a Type 1 hypervisor and a host operating system
- B. a hypervisor and physical server hardware
- C. only a Type 2 hypervisor
- D. only a Type 1 hypervisor

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 24

Refer to the exhibit.

What is the effect of these commands on the BR and HQ tunnel interfaces?

- A. The tunnel line protocol goes down when the keepalive counter reaches 6
- B. The keepalives are sent every 3 seconds and 5 retries
- C. The keepalives are sent every 5 seconds and 3 retries
- D. The tunnel line protocol goes down when the keepalive counter reaches 5

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 25

Refer to the exhibit.

Assuming the WLC's interfaces are not in the same subnet as the RADIUS server, which interface would the WLC use as the source for all RADIUS-related traffic?

- A. the controller virtual interface
- B. the interface specified on the WLAN configuration
- C. any interface configured on the WLC
- D. the controller management interface

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 26

Which function does a fabric edge node perform in an SD-Access deployment?

- A. Connects the SD-Access fabric to another fabric or external Layer 3 networks
- B. Connects endpoints to the fabric and forwards their traffic
- C. Provides reachability border nodes in the fabric underlay
- D. Encapsulates end-user data traffic into LISP.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

There are five basic device roles in the fabric overlay:

- + Control plane node: This node contains the settings, protocols, and mapping tables to provide the endpoint-to-location (EID-to-RLOC) mapping system for the fabric overlay.
- + Fabric border node: This fabric device (for example, core layer device) connects external Layer 3 networks to the SDA fabric.
- + Fabric edge node: This fabric device (for example, access or distribution layer device) connects wired endpoints to the SDA fabric.
- + Fabric WLAN controller (WLC): This fabric device connects APs and wireless endpoints to the SDA fabric.
- + Intermediate nodes: These are intermediate routers or extended switches that do not provide any sort of SD-Access fabric role other than underlay services.

NEW QUESTION: 27

Refer to the exhibit. Which set of commands on router r R1 Allow deterministic translation of private hosts PC1, PC2, and PC3 to addresses in the public space?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option C
- B. Option B
- C. Option D
- D. Option A

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 28

Which three elements determine Air Time efficiency? (Choose three)

- A. event-driven RRM
- B. data rate (modulation density) or QAM
- C. channel bandwidth
- D. number of spatial streams and spatial reuse
- E. RF group leader
- F. dynamic channel assignment

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

<https://www.ciscolive.com/c/dam/r/ciscolive/emea/docs/2020/pdf/BRKEWN-3010.pdf>

NEW QUESTION: 29

Refer to the exhibit.

The IP SLA is configured in a router. An engineer must configure an EEM applet to shut down the interface and bring it back up when there is a problem with the IP SLA.

Which configuration should the engineer use?

A. event manager applet EEM_IP_SLA

event track 10 state down

B. event manager applet EEM_IP_SLA

event track 10 state unreachable

C. event manager applet EEM_IP_SLA

event sla 10 state unreachable

D. event manager applet EEM_IP_SLA

event sla 10 state down

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The -ip sla 10 will ping the IP 192.168.10.20 every 3 seconds to make sure the connection is still up. We can configure an EEM applet if there is any problem with this IP SLA via the command -event track 10 state down.

NEW QUESTION: 30

What are two differences between the RIB and the FIB? (Choose two.)

A. The FIB is derived from the data plane, and the RIB is derived from the FIB.

B. The RIB is derived from the control plane, and the FIB is derived from the RIB.

C. FIB is a database of routing prefixes, and the RIB is the information used to choose the egress interface for each packet.

D. The RIB is a database of routing prefixes, and the FIB is the Information used to choose the egress interface for each packet.

E. The FIB is derived from the control plane, and the RIB is derived from the FIB.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 31

What is a characteristic of Cisco DNA Northbound APIs?

A. They simplify the management of network infrastructure devices.

B. They enable automation of network infrastructure based on intent.

C. They utilize RESTCONF.

D. They utilize multivendor support APIs.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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NEW QUESTION: 32

When configuration WPA2 Enterprise on a WLAN, which additional security component configuration is required?

- A. RADIUS server
- B. TACACS server
- C. PKI server
- D. NTP server

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 33

Which new enhancement was implemented in Wi-Fi 6?

- A. Wi-Fi Protected Access 3
- B. 4096 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation Mode
- C. Uplink and Downlink Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access
- D. Channel bonding

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 34

Which technology is used as the basis for the cisco SD-Access data plane?

- A. 802.1Q
- B. VXLAN
- C. IPsec
- D. LISP

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 35

Where is radio resource management performed in a cisco SD-access wireless solution?

- A. DNA Center
- B. control plane node
- C. wireless controller
- D. Cisco CMX

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Fabric wireless controllers manage and control the fabric-mode APs using the same general model as the traditional local-mode controllers which offers the same operational advantages such as mobility control and radio resource management. A significant difference is that client traffic from wireless endpoints is not tunneled from the APs to the wireless controller. Instead, communication from wireless clients is encapsulated in VXLAN by the fabric APs which build a tunnel to their first-hop fabric edge node. Wireless traffic is tunneled to the edge nodes as the edge nodes provide fabric services such as the Layer 3 Anycast Gateway, policy, and traffic enforcement. <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Campus/cisco-sda-design-guide.html>

NEW QUESTION: 36

Refer to the exhibit. Which configuration must be applied to R to enable R to reach the server at 172.16.0.1?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option D
- B. Option C
- C. Option A
- D. Option B

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 37

What does the cisco REST response indicate?

- A. Cisco DNA Center has the Incorrect credentials for cat3850-1
- B. Cisco DNA Center has the incorrect credentials for cat9000-1
- C. Cisco DNA Center has the Incorrect credentials for RouterASR-1
- D. Cisco DNA Center is unable to communicate with cat9000-1

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 38

Which feature does Cisco TrustSec use to provide scalable, secure communication throughout a network?

- A. security group tag ACL assigned to each port on a switch
- B. security group tag number assigned to each port on a network
- C. security group tag number assigned to each user on a switch
- D. security group tag ACL assigned to each router on a network

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Cisco TrustSec uses tags to represent logical group privilege. This tag, called a Security Group Tag (SGT), is used in access policies. The SGT is understood and is used to enforce traffic by Cisco switches, routers and firewalls . Cisco TrustSec is defined in three phases: classification, propagation and enforcement.

When users and devices connect to a network, the network assigns a specific security group. This process is called classification. Classification can be based on the results of the authentication or by associating the SGT with an IP, VLAN, or port-profile (-> Answer 'security group tag ACL assigned to each port on a switch' and answer 'security group tag number assigned to each user on a switch' are not correct as they say "assigned ... on a switch" only. Answer 'security group tag ACL assigned to each router on a network' is not correct either as it says "assigned to each router").

NEW QUESTION: 39

Which controller is capable of acting as a STUN server during the onboarding process of Edge devices?

- A. PNP server
- B. vBond
- C. vSmart
- D. vManage

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 40

What does the LAP send when multiple WLCs respond to the CISCO_CAPWAP-CONTROLLER.localdomain hostname during the CAPWAP discovery and join process?

- A. broadcast discover request
- B. join request to all the WLCs
- C. unicast discovery request to each WLC
- D. Unicast discovery request to the first WLS that resolves the domain name

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The AP will attempt to resolve the DNS name CISCO-CAPWAP-CONTROLLER.localdomain. When the AP is able to resolve this name to one or more IP addresses, the AP sends a unicast CAPWAP Discovery Message to the resolved IP address(es). Each WLC that receives the CAPWAP Discovery Request Message replies with a unicast CAPWAP Discovery Response to the AP.

NEW QUESTION: 41

Refer to the exhibit.

Security policy requires all idle-exec sessions to be terminated in 600 seconds. Which configuration achieves this goal?

- A. line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 600
- B. line vty 01 5
exec-timeout 10 0
- C. line vty 0 15
absolute-timeout 600
- D. line vty 0 15
exec-timeout

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 42

Which component of the Cisco Cyber Threat Defense solution provides user and flow context analysis?

- A. Cisco Stealthwatch system
- B. Cisco Firepower and FireSIGHT
- C. Advanced Malware Protection
- D. Cisco Web Security Appliance

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 43

A network administrator is implementing a routing configuration change and enables routing debugs to track routing behavior during the change. The logging output on the terminal is interrupting the command typing process. Which two actions can the network administrator take to minimize the possibility of typing commands incorrectly? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the logging synchronous command under the vty
- B. Press the TAB key to reprint the command in a new line
- C. Configure the logging delimiter feature
- D. increase the number of lines on the screen using the terminal length command
- E. Configure the logging synchronous global configuration command

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 44

Refer to the exhibit.

Which IP address becomes the active next hop for 192.168.102 0/24 when 192.168.101.2 fails?

- A. 192.168.101.18
- B. 192.168.101.6
- C. 192.168.101.10
- D. 192.168.101.14

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The '>' shown in the output above indicates that the path with a next hop of 192.168.101.2 is the current best path.

Path Selection Attributes: Weight > Local Preference > Originate > AS Path > Origin > MED > External > IGP Cost > eBGP Peering > Router ID BGP prefers the path with highest weight but the weights here are all 0 (which indicate all routes that are not originated by the local router) so we need to check the Local Preference. Answer

'192.168.101.18' path without LOCAL_PREF (LocPrf column) means it has the default value of 100.

Therefore we can find the two next best paths with the next hop of 192.168.101.18 and 192.168.101.10.

We have to move to the next path selection attribute: Originate. BGP prefers the path that the local router originated (which is indicated with the "next hop 0.0.0.0"). But none of the two best paths is self-originated.

The AS Path of the next hop 192.168.101.18 is shorter than the AS Path of the next hop 192.168.101.10 then the next hop 192.168.101.18 will be chosen as the next best path.

NEW QUESTION: 45

Refer to the exhibit.

Which HTTP JSON response does the python code output give?

- A. KeyError 'kickstart_ver_str'
- B. NameError: name 'json' is not defined
- C. 7.61
- D. 7.0(3)I7(4)

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 46

An engineer runs the code against an API of Cisco DNA Center, and the platform returns this output What does the response indicate?

- A. The Cisco DNA Center API port is incorrect
- B. The authentication credentials are incorrect
- C. The HTTP method is incorrect
- D. The URI string is incorrect.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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NEW QUESTION: 47

What is a characteristic of YANG?

- A. It is a Cisco proprietary language that models NETCONF data
- B. It allows model developers to create custom data types
- C. It provides loops and conditionals to control how within models
- D. It structures data in an object-oriented fashion to promote model reuse

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 48

Which method creates an EEM applet policy that is registered with EEM and runs on demand or manually?

- A. event manager applet ondemand
event register
action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg 'This is a message from ondemand'
- B. event manager applet ondemand
event manual
action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg 'This is a message from ondemand'
- C. event manager applet ondemand
event none
action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg 'This is a message from ondemand'
- D. event manager applet ondemand
action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg 'This is a message from ondemand'

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

An EEM policy is an entity that defines an event and the actions to be taken when that event occurs. There are two types of EEM policies: an applet or a script. An applet is a simple form of policy that is defined within the CLI configuration. answer 'event manager applet ondemand event register action 1.0 syslog priority critical msg 'This is a message from ondemand'

<="" p="" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"></p></div>

There are two ways to manually run an EEM policy. EEM usually schedules and runs policies on the basis of an event specification that is contained within the policy itself. The event none command allows EEM to identify an EEM policy that can be manually triggered. To run the policy, use either the action policy command in applet configuration mode or the event manager run command in privileged EXEC mode.

Reference:

3s-book/eem-policy-cli.html

NEW QUESTION: 49

Refer to the exhibit. What is the effect of this configuration?

- A. The device will allow users at 192.168.0.202 to connect to vty lines 0 through 4 using the password ciscotestkey
- B. The device will authenticate all users connecting to vty lines 0 through 4 against TACACS+
- C. The device will allow only users at 192.166.0.202 to connect to vty lines 0 through 4
- D. When users attempt to connect to vty lines 0 through 4, the device will authenticate them against TACACS+ if local authentication fails

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 50

Drag and drop the virtual components from the left onto their deceptions on the right.

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 51

An engineer must configure the strongest password authentication to locally authenticate on a router. Which configuration must be used?

- A. Option B
- B. Option D
- C. Option A
- D. Option C

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 52

Refer to the exhibit.

What are two effects of this configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. R1 becomes the standby router.
- B. R1 becomes the active router.
- C. If R1 goes down, R2 becomes active but reverts to standby when R1 comes back online.
- D. If R2 goes down, R1 becomes active but reverts to standby when R2 comes back online.
- E. If R1 goes down, R2 becomes active and remains the active device when R1 comes back online.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 53

Refer to the exhibit.

Which type of antenna does the radiation pattern represent?

- A. directional patch
- B. multidirectional
- C. Yagi
- D. omnidirectional

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 54

Under which network conditions is an outbound QoS policy that is applied on a router WAN interface most beneficial?

- A. under traffic classification and marking conditions.
- B. under all network condition
- C. under interface saturation condition
- D. under network convergence condition

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 55

Which two operations are valid for RESTCONF? (Choose two.)

- A. HEAD
- B. REMOVE
- C. PULL
- D. PATCH
- E. ADD
- F. PUSH

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

RESTCONF operations include OPTIONS, HEAD, GET, POST, PATCH, DELETE.

NEW QUESTION: 56

Which protocol does REST API rely on to secure the communication channel?

- A. TCP
- B. HTTPS
- C. SSH
- D. HTTP

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The REST API accepts and returns HTTP (not enabled by default) or HTTPS messages that contain JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) or Extensible Markup Language (XML) documents. You can use any programming language to generate the messages and the JSON or XML documents that contain the API methods or Managed Object (MO) descriptions.

Reference:

[x/rest_cfg/2_1_x/b_Cisco_APIC_REST_API_Configuration_Guide/b_Cisco_APIC_REST_API_Configuration_Guide_chapter_01.html](#)

NEW QUESTION: 57

Refer to the exhibit.

Which code results in the working Python script displaying a list of network devices from the Cisco DNA Center?

- A. Option B
- B. Option C
- C. Option A
- D. Option D

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 58

Refer to the exhibit. An engineer attempts to configure a router on a stick to route packets between Clients, Servers, and Printers; however, initial tests show that this configuration is not working. Which command set resolves this issue?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option A

- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

We must reconfigure the IP address after assigning or removing an interface to a VRF. Otherwise that interface does not have an IP address.

NEW QUESTION: 59

What is the difference between a RIB and a FIB?

- A. The RIB is used to make IP source prefix-based switching decisions
- B. The FIB is where all IP routing information is stored
- C. The RIB maintains a mirror image of the FIB
- D. The FIB is populated based on RIB content

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

CEF uses a Forwarding Information Base (FIB) to make IP destination prefix-based switching decisions. The FIB is conceptually similar to a routing table or information base. It maintains a mirror image of the forwarding information contained in the IP routing table. When routing or topology changes occur in the network, the IP routing table is updated, and those changes are reflected in the FIB. The FIB maintains next-hop address information based on the information in the IP routing table. Because there is a one-to-one correlation between FIB entries and routing table entries, the FIB contains all known routes and eliminates the need for route cache maintenance that is associated with earlier switching paths such as fast switching and optimum switching.

Note: In order to view the Routing information base (RIB) table, use the "show ip route" command. To view the Forwarding Information Base (FIB), use the "show ip cef" command. RIB is in Control plane while FIB is in Data plane.

NEW QUESTION: 60

Refer to the exhibit Drag and drop the snippets into the RESTCONF request to form the request that returns this response Not all options are used

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 61

Refer to the exhibit.

What is the result when a switch that is running PVST+ is added to this network?

- A. DSW2 operates in Rapid PVST+ and the new switch operates in PVST+
- B. Both switches operate in the PVST+ mode
- C. Spanning tree is disabled automatically on the network
- D. Both switches operate in the Rapid PVST+ mode.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

From the output we see DSW2 is running in RSTP mode (in fact Rapid PVST+ mode as Cisco does not support RSTP alone). When a new switch running PVST+ mode is added to the topology, they keep running the old STP instances as RSTP (in fact Rapid PVST+) is compatible with PVST+.

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NEW QUESTION: 62

When a wireless client roams between two different wireless controllers, a network connectivity outage is experienced for a period of time. Which configuration issue would cause this problem?

- A. Not all of the controllers within the mobility group are using the same virtual interface IP address.
- B. All of the controllers in the mobility group are using the same mobility group name.
- C. Not all of the controllers in the mobility group are using the same mobility group name.
- D. All of the controllers within the mobility group are using the same virtual interface IP address.

Answer: [\(SHOW ANSWER\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 63

Refer to the exhibit.

An engineer must block all traffic from a router to its directly connected subnet 209.165.200.0/24. The engineer applies access control list EGRESS in the outbound direction on the GigabitEthernet0/0 interface of the router. However, the router can still ping hosts on the 209.165.200.0/24 subnet. Which explanation of this behavior is true?

- A. After an access control list is applied to an interface, that interface must be shut and no shut for the access control list to take effect.
- B. Access control lists that are applied outbound to a router interface do not affect traffic that is sourced from the router.
- C. Only standard access control lists can block traffic from a source IP address.
- D. The access control list must contain an explicit deny to block traffic from the router.

Answer: [\(SHOW ANSWER\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 64

Refer to the exhibit.

All switches are configured with the default port priority value. Which two commands ensure that traffic from PC1 is forwarded over Gi1/3 trunk port between DWS1 and DSW2? (Choose two)

- A. DSW1(config-if)#spanning-tree port-priority 0
- B. DSW2(config)#interface gi1/3
- C. DSW2(config-if)#spanning-tree port-priority 128
- D. DSW1(config)#interface gi1/3
- E. DSW2(config-if)#spanning-tree port-priority 16

Answer: B,E [\(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 65

Refer to the exhibit.

Which configuration establishes EBGP neighborship between these two directly connected neighbors and exchanges the loopback network of the two routers through BGP?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A [\(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

With BGP, we must advertise the correct network and subnet mask in the "network" command (in this case network 10.1.1.0/24 on R1 and network 10.2.2.0/24 on R2). BGP is very strict in the routing advertisements. In other words, BGP only advertises the network which exists exactly in the routing table. In this case, if you put the command "network x.x.0.0 mask 255.255.0.0" or "network x.0.0.0 mask 255.0.0.0" or "network x.x.x.x mask 255.255.255.255" then BGP will not advertise anything.

It is easy to establish eBGP neighborship via the direct link. But let's see what are required when we want to establish eBGP neighborship via their loopback interfaces. We will need two commands:

+ the command "neighbor 10.1.1.1 ebgp-multihop 2" on R1 and "neighbor 10.2.2.2 ebgpmultihop

2" on R1. This command increases the TTL value to 2 so that BGP updates can reach the BGP neighbor which is two hops away.

+ Answer 'R1 (config) #router bgp 1

R1 (config-router) #neighbor 192.168.10.2 remote-as 2

R1 (config-router) #network 10.1.1.0 mask 255.255.255.0

R2 (config) #router bgp 2

R2 (config-router) #neighbor 192.168.10.1 remote-as 1

R2 (config-router) #network 10.2.2.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Quick Wireless Summary

Cisco Access Points (APs) can operate in one of two modes: autonomous or lightweight

+ Autonomous: self-sufficient and standalone. Used for small wireless networks.

+ Lightweight: A Cisco lightweight AP (LAP) has to join a Wireless LAN Controller (WLC) to function.

LAP and WLC communicate with each other via a logical pair of CAPWAP tunnels.

- Control and Provisioning for Wireless Access Point (CAPWAP) is an IETF standard for control messaging for setup, authentication and operations between APs and WLCs. CAPWAP is similar to LWAPP except the following differences:

+CAPWAP uses Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) for authentication and encryption to protect traffic between APs and controllers. LWAPP uses AES.

+ CAPWAP has a dynamic maximum transmission unit (MTU) discovery mechanism.

+ CAPWAP runs on UDP ports 5246 (control messages) and 5247 (data messages) An LAP operates in one of six different modes:

+ Local mode (default mode): measures noise floor and interference, and scans for intrusion detection (IDS) events every 180 seconds on unused channels

+ FlexConnect, formerly known as Hybrid Remote Edge AP (H-REAP), mode: allows data traffic to be switched locally and not go back to the controller. The FlexConnect AP can perform standalone client authentication and switch VLAN traffic locally even when it's disconnected to the WLC (Local Switched). FlexConnect AP can also tunnel (via CAPWAP) both user wireless data and control traffic to a centralized WLC (Central Switched).

+ Monitor mode: does not handle data traffic between clients and the infrastructure. It acts like a sensor for location-based services (LBS), rogue AP detection, and IDS

+ Rogue detector mode: monitor for rogue APs. It does not handle data at all.

+ Sniffer mode: run as a sniffer and captures and forwards all the packets on a particular channel to a remote machine where you can use protocol analysis tool (Wireshark, Airopeek, etc) to review the packets and diagnose issues. Strictly used for troubleshooting purposes.

+ Bridge mode: bridge together the WLAN and the wired infrastructure together.

Mobility Express is the ability to use an access point (AP) as a controller instead of a real WLAN controller. But this solution is only suitable for small to midsize, or multi-site branch locations where you might not want to invest in a dedicated WLC. A Mobility Express WLC can support up to 100 Aps

NEW QUESTION: 66

Refer to the exhibit.

A company requires that all wireless users authenticate using dynamic key generation. Which configuration must be applied?

A. AP(config-if-ssid)# authentication open wep wep_methods

B. AP(config-if-ssid)# authentication dynamic wep wep_methods

C. AP(config-if-ssid)# authentication dynamic open wep_dynamic

D. AP(config-if-ssid)# authentication open eap eap_methods

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 67

In cisco SD_WAN, which protocol is used to measure link quality?

- A. OMP
- B. BFD
- C. RSVP
- D. IPsec

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 68

An engineer is configuring local web authentication on a WLAN. The engineer chooses the Authentication radio button under the Layer 3 Security options for Web Policy. Which device presents the web authentication for the WLAN?

- A. ISE server
- B. local WLC
- C. RADIUS server
- D. anchor WLC

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

"The next step is to configure the WLC for the Internal web authentication. Internal web authentication is the default web authentication type on WLCs." In step 4 of the link above, we will configure Security as described in this question. Therefore we can deduce this configuration is for Internal web authentication.

This paragraph was taken from the link <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/wireless-mobility/wlan-security/69340-web-auth-config.html#c5> :

NEW QUESTION: 69

Refer to the exhibit

Communication between London and New York is down Which command set must be applied to resolve this issue?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

<https://learningnetwork.cisco.com/s/question/0D53i00000Ksyty/tostastns-tottatnt>

NEW QUESTION: 70

Refer to the exhibit. What does the error message relay to the administrator who is trying to configure a Cisco IOS device?

- A. A NETCONF request was made for a data model that does not exist.
- B. The device received a valid NETCONF request and serviced it without error.

- C. A NETCONF message with valid content based on the YANG data models was made, but the request failed.
- D. The NETCONF running datastore is currently locked.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 71

Refer to the exhibit. Which configuration must be applied to R1 to enable R1 to reach the server at 172.16.0.1?

- A. Option C
- B. Option B
- C. Option D
- D. Option A

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 72

Refer to the exhibit.

Which type of antenna is shown on the radiation patterns?

- A. Yagi
- B. Patch
- C. Omnidirectional
- D. Dipole

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 73

Refer to the exhibit.

A GRE tunnel has been created between HO and BR routers. What is the tunnel IP on the HQ router?

- A. 209.165.202.134
- B. 209.165.202.130
- C. 10.111.111.1
- D. 10.111.111.2

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 74

Refer to the Exhibit.

An engineer is installing a new pair of routers in a redundant configuration. When checking on the standby status of each router the engineer notices that the routers are not functioning as expected. Which action will resolve the configuration error?

- A. configure matching hold and delay timers
- B. configure matching key-strings
- C. configure matching priority values
- D. configure unique virtual IP addresses

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

From the output exhibit, we notice that the key-string of R1 is -Cisco123! (letter -C is in capital) while that of R2 is -cisco123!. This causes a mismatch in the authentication so we have to fix their key-strings.
key-string [encryption-type] text-string: Configures the text string for the key. The text-string argument is alphanumeric, case-sensitive, and supports special characters.

NEW QUESTION: 75

What NTP Stratum level is a server that is connected directly to an authoritative time source?

- A. Stratum 0
- B. Stratum 1
- C. Stratum 14
- D. Stratum 15

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Reference:

figuration/guide/bsm/16-6-1/b-sm-xe-16-6-1-asr920/bsm-timecalendar-set.html

NEW QUESTION: 76

An engineer is configuring a new SSID to present users with a splash page for authentication. Which WLAN Layer 3 setting must be configured to provide this functionality?

- A. CCKM
- B. Web Policy
- C. Local Policy
- D. WPA2 Policy

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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NEW QUESTION: 77

Which measurement is used from a post wireless survey to depict the cell edge of the access points?

- A. SNR
- B. Noise
- C. CCI
- D. RSSI

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 78

Which JSON syntax is valid?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option A

- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

This JSON can be written as follows:

```
{
'switch': {
'name': 'dist1',
'interfaces': ['gig1', 'gig2', 'gig3']
}
}
```

NEW QUESTION: 79

How does the RIB differ from the FIB?

- A. The RIB is used to create network topologies and routing tables. The FIB is a list of routes to particular network destinations.
- B. The FIB includes many routes a single destination. The RIB is the best route to a single destination.
- C. The RIB includes many routes to the same destination prefix. The FIB contains only the best route
- D. The FIB maintains network topologies and routing tables. The RIB is a list of routes to particular network destinations.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 80

How are the different versions of IGMP compatible?

- A. IGMPv2 is compatible only with IGMPv2.
- B. IGMPv2 is compatible only with IGMPv1.
- C. IGMPv3 is compatible only with IGMPv3.
- D. IGMPv3 is compatible only with IGMPv1

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 81

An engineer measures the Wi-Fi coverage at a customer site. The RSSI values are recorded as follows:

Which two statements does the engineer use to explain these values to the customer? (Choose two)

- A. The signal strength at location C is too weak to support web surfing
- B. Location D has the strongest RF signal strength
- C. The RF signal strength at location C is 10 times stronger than location B
- D. The signal strength at location B is 10 dB better than location C
- E. The RF signal strength at location B is 50% weaker than location A

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 82

A network engineer must configure a router to send logging messages to a syslog server based on these requirements:

* uses syslog IP address: 10.10.10.1

* uses a reliable protocol

* must not use any well-known TCP/UDP ports

Which configuration must be used?

A. logging host 10.10.10.1 transport tcp port 1024

B. logging host 10.10.10.1 transport udp port 1024

C. logging origin-id 10.10.10.1

D. logging host 10.10.10.1 transport udp port 1023

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 83

Which Cisco DNA Center application is responsible for group-based access control permissions?

A. Provision

B. Assurance

C. Design

D. Policy

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 84

Drag and drop characteristics of PIM dense mode from the left to the right.

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 85

How does Cisco TrustSec enable more flexible access controls for dynamic networking environments and data centers?

A. classifies traffic based on advanced application recognition

B. classifies traffic based on the contextual identity of the endpoint rather than its IP address

C. assigns a VLAN to the endpoint

D. uses flexible NetFlow

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 86

What does Call Admission Control require the client to send in order to reserve the bandwidth?

A. Wi-Fi multimedia

B. VoIP media session awareness

C. traffic specification

D. SIP flow information

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 87

Refer to the exhibit. Communication between London and New York is down. Which command set must be applied to the New York switch to resolve the issue?

A)

B)

- C)
- D)
- A. Option D
- B. Option B
- C. Option A
- D. Option C

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 88

Which two operational models enable an AP to scan one or more wireless channels for rouge access points and at the same time provide wireless services to clients? (Choose two.)

- A. FlexConnect
- B. Monitor
- C. Rouge detector
- D. Sniffer
- E. Local

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 89

Refer to the exhibit.

An engineer must ensure that all traffic leaving AS 200 will choose Link 2 as an entry point. Assuming that all BGP neighbor relationships have been formed and that the attributes have not been changed on any of the routers, which configuration accomplish task?

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

R3 advertises BGP updates to R1 with multiple AS 100 so R3 believes the path to reach AS 200 via R3 is farther than R2 so R3 will choose R2 to forward traffic to AS 200.

NEW QUESTION: 90

Drag and drop the wireless elements on the left to their definitions on the right.

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 91

Which OSPF networks types are compatible and allow communication through the two peering devices?

- A. broadcast to nonbroadcast
- B. point-to-multipoint to nonbroadcast
- C. broadcast to point-to-point
- D. point-to-multipoint to broadcast

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The following different OSPF types are compatible with each other:

- + Broadcast and Non-Broadcast (adjust hello/dead timers)
- + Point-to-Point and Point-to-Multipoint (adjust hello/dead timers)

Broadcast and Non-Broadcast networks elect DR/BDR so they are compatible. Point-topoint/ multipoint do not elect DR/BDR so they are compatible.

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NEW QUESTION: 92

Refer to the exhibit.

A network engineer is configuring OSPF between router R1 and router R2. The engineer must ensure that a DR/BDR election does not occur on the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces in area 0. Which configuration set accomplishes this goal?

- A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)
- A. Option A
 - B. Option B
 - C. Option C
 - D. Option D

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Broadcast and Non-Broadcast networks elect DR/BDR while Point-topoint/ multipoint do not elect DR/BDR. Therefore we have to set the two Gi0/0 interfaces to point-to-point or point-to-multipoint network to ensure that a DR/BDR election does not occur.

NEW QUESTION: 93

Which two mechanisms are available to secure NTP? (Choose two.)

- A. IP access list-based
- B. Encrypted authentication
- C. IPsec
- D. TACACS-based authentication
- E. IP prefix list-based

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 94

Which TCP setting is tuned to minimize the risk of fragmentation on a GRE/IP tunnel?

- A. MTU
- B. Window size
- C. MRU

D. MSS

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The TCP Maximum Segment Size (TCP MSS) defines the maximum amount of data that a host is willing to accept in a single TCP/IP datagram. This TCP/IP datagram might be fragmented at the IP layer. The MSS value is sent as a TCP header option only in TCP SYN segments. Each side of a TCP connection reports its MSS value to the other side. Contrary to popular belief, the MSS value is not negotiated between hosts. The sending host is required to limit the size of data in a single TCP segment to a value less than or equal to the MSS reported by the receiving host.

TCP MSS takes care of fragmentation at the two endpoints of a TCP connection, but it does not handle the case where there is a smaller MTU link in the middle between these two endpoints.

PMTUD was developed in order to avoid fragmentation in the path between the endpoints. It is

NEW QUESTION: 95

How does EIGRP differ from OSPF?

- A. EIGRP uses more CPU and memory than OSPF
- B. EIGRP is more prone to routing loops than OSPF
- C. EIGRP has a full map of the topology, and OSPF only knows directly connected neighbors
- D. EIGRP supports equal or unequal path cost, and OSPF supports only equal path cost.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 96

An engineer is working with the Cisco DNA Center API Drag and drop the methods from the left onto the actions that they are used for on the right.

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 97

Which configuration restricts the amount of SSH that a router accepts 100 kbps?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

CoPP protects the route processor on network devices by treating route processor resources as a separate entity with its own ingress interface (and in some implementations, egress also). CoPP is used to police traffic that is destined to the route processor of the router such as:

- + routing protocols like OSPF, EIGRP, or BGP.
- + Gateway redundancy protocols like HSRP, VRRP, or GLBP.
- + Network management protocols like telnet, SSH, SNMP, or RADIUS.

Therefore we must apply the CoPP to deal with SSH because it is in the management plane. CoPP must be put under "control-plane" command.

NEW QUESTION: 98

which entity is a Type 1 hypervisor?

- A. Microsoft Virtual PC
- B. Citrix XenServer
- C. Oracle VM VirtualBox
- D. VMware server

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 99

Refer to the exhibit.

Based on the configuration in this WLAN security setting, Which method can a client use to authenticate to the network?

- A. certificate
- B. text string
- C. RADIUS token
- D. username and password

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 100

What are two benefits of YANG? (Choose two)

- A. It enforces configuration constraints.
- B. It enables multiple leaf statements to exist within a leaf list.
- C. It enforces configuration semantics.
- D. It collects statistical constraint analysis information.
- E. It enforces the use of a specific encoding format for NETCONF.

Answer: A,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 101

Which LISP component is required for a LISP site to communicate with a non-LISP site?

- A. Proxy ETR
- B. Proxy ITR
- C. ETR
- D. ITR

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 102

Refer to the exhibit. An engineer has configured Cisco ISE to assign VLANs to clients based on their method of authentication, but this is not working as expected. Which action will resolve this issue?

- A. enable AAA override
- B. require a DHCP address assignment
- C. utilize RADIUS profiling
- D. set a NAC state

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 103

Which two items are found in YANG data models? (Choose two.)

- A. container statements
- B. rpc statements
- C. XML schema
- D. JSON schema
- E. HTTP return codes

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 104

Which command must be applied to R2 for an OSPF neighborship to form?

- A. network 20.1.1.2.0.0.0.0 area 0
- B. network 20.1.1.2 255.255.0.0 area 0
- C. network 20.1.1.2.0.0.255.255 area 0
- D. network 20.1.1.2 255.255.255 area 0

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The -network 20.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0 command on R2 did not cover the IP address of Fa1/1 interface of R2 so OSPF did not run on this interface. Therefore we have to use the command -network 20.1.1.2 0.0.255.255 area 0 to turn on OSPF on this interface.

Note: The command -network 20.1.1.2 0.0.255.255 area 0 can be used too so this answer is also correct but answer C is the best answer here.

The -network 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 area 0 command on R1 will run OSPF on all active

NEW QUESTION: 105

An engineer is implementing a Cisco MPLS TE tunnel to improve the streaming experience for the clients of a video-on-demand server. Which action must the engineer perform to configure extended discovery to support the MPLS LDP session between the headend and tailend routers?

- A. Configure a targeted neighbor session.
- B. Configure a Cisco MPLS TE tunnel on both ends of the session
- C. Configure an access list on the interface to permit TCP and UDP traffic
- D. Configure the interface bandwidth to handle TCP and UDP traffic between the LDP peers

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 106

Which technology provides a secure communication channel for all traffic at Layer 2 of the OSI model?

- A. MACsec
- B. IPsec
- C. SSL
- D. Cisco Trustsec

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

MACsec, defined in 802.1AE, provides MAC-layer encryption over wired networks by using out-of-band methods for encryption keying. The MACsec Key Agreement (MKA) Protocol provides the

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